

# The EDF scheduler

- Given an EDF scheduler with  $n$  service classes and delay deadline  $\delta_i$  for service class  $i$ , the service envelope of class  $i$  is

$$S_i(t) = \max \left( 0, Ct - \sum_{n \neq i} X_n \left( t - \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i) \right) \right)$$

- Thus,

$$\alpha_i(t) = - \frac{E \left( X_i(t) - \max \left( 0, C(t+d_i) - \sum_{n \neq i} X_n \left( t+d_i - \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i) \right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\text{var} \left( X(t) - \max \left( 0, C(t+d_i) - \sum_{n \neq i} X_n \left( t+d_i - \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i) \right) \right) \right)}}$$

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- The average value and variance of the service envelope, for linear-variance bounded traffic, are

$$E(S_i(t)) \approx Ct - \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n (t - \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i))$$

$$\text{var}(S_i(t)) \approx \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n b_n (t - \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i))$$

- Thus,

$$\alpha_{i,\min} = \frac{-2((A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i)(B_i + N_i r_i b_i) - (B_i d_i - F_i)(A_i - C + N_i r_i))}{(B_i + N_i r_i b_i) \sqrt{-(B_i d_i - F_i) + \frac{(A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i)(B_i + N_i r_i b_i)}{A_i - C + N_i r_i}}}$$

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$$\alpha_{i,\min} = \frac{-2\left((A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i)(B_i + N_i r_i b_i) - (B_i d_i - F_i)(A_i - C + N_i r_i)\right)}{(B_i + N_i r_i b_i) \sqrt{-(B_i d_i - F_i) + \frac{(A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i)(B_i + N_i r_i b_i)}{A_i - C + N_i r_i}}}$$

• where

$$A_i = \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n \quad E_i = \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i)$$

$$B_i = \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n b_n \quad F_i = \sum_{n \neq i} N_n r_n b_n \max(0, \delta_n - \delta_i)$$

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- The probability of violation of the delay bound is

$$\Pr(D_i > d_i) \leq \exp\left(-2\left(N_i r_i d_i (b_i (C - A_i) + B_i) + E_i (B_i + N_i r_i b_i) + F_i (C - N_i r_i - A_i)\right) \frac{(C - N_i r_i - A_i)}{(B_i + N_i r_i b_i)^2}\right)$$

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- The capacity planning formula is

$$C_i \geq \frac{\left( A_i d_i - E_i + \sqrt{(E_i + N_i r_i d_i)^2 - 2 \ln p_i (F_i + N_i r_i b_i d_i)} \right)}{2(F_i + N_i r_i b_i d_i)} (B_i + N_i r_i b_i) + \frac{1}{2} (A_i + N_i r_i)$$

- then

$$C = \sup_{1 \leq i \leq n} (C_i)$$

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- The admission control formula is

$$N_i \leq \frac{1}{r_i \left( 2 \left( b_i ( C d_i - A_i d_i + E_i ) + B_i d_i - F_i \right) - b_i^2 \ln p_i \right)} \times$$

$$\left( \begin{aligned} & ( A_i b_i + B_i - C b_i ) ( A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i ) + & \div \\ & - 2 ( B_i d_i - F_i ) ( A_i - C ) + b_i B_i \ln p_i + & \div \\ & + \sqrt{ ( - A_i b_i + B_i + C b_i )^2 \left( ( A_i d_i - E_i - C d_i )^2 + 2 ( B_i d_i - F_i ) \ln p_i \right) } & \div \end{aligned} \right)$$

# SP versus GPS versus EDF

- The figure plots a comparison among the admission regions of a SP scheduler, a GPS scheduler and a EDF scheduler
- The regions are qualitatively different
- The difference can change for different sets of parameters

r1	600,000.00 bit/s	r2	800,000.00 bit/s
b1	40,000.00 bit	b2	100,000.00 bit
d1	0.01 s	d2	0.05 s
p1	0.01	p2	0.02
delta 1	0.10 s	delta2	0.05 s
w1	0.80	w2	0.20

